Trident Medical Center

Hospital Infections Disclosure Act Report

Reported by: South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

Surgical Site Infection (SSI) Rate by Procedure and Risk Index

Data Collected: 01/01/2014 - 12/31/2014

Procedure	Risk Category ^{a,b,c}	No. of Infections	No. of Specific Procedures Performed ^d	Infection Rate (per 100 Procedures)
Coronary Bypass Graft (Chest and Donor Incision)	1	1	174	0.57
	2	*	18	*
Abdominal Hysterectomy	0	2	167	1.20
	1	2	89	2.25
	2,3	*	16	*
	•			
Hip Prosthesis (Replacement)	0	0	63	0.00
	1	3	116	2.59
	2,3	*	17	*
		L		
Knee Prosthesis (Replacement)	0	1	155	0.65
	1	5	184	2.72
	2,3	*	13	*
Colon Surgery	0	2	36	5.56
	1	5	62	8.06
	2	4	55	7.27
	3	*	1	*

a. Basic SSI Risk Index: NHSN assigns surgical patients into risk categories based on the presence of one or more of three major risk factors. For further explanation see Definition of Terms.

b. If there is more than one risk category in a row (e.g., 2, 3), it means that the risk of infection between the individual categories was not different statistically, so the data from those categories shown were combined.

c. If you do not see a risk category, it means that no surgeries were performed for that particular risk category.

d.*= Too few procedures. Reporting on too few procedures is a risk to patient confidentiality and data stability. If less than twenty surgical procedures are performed, the rate and number of infections will be suppressed until more procedures are performed.

Trident Medical Center

Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI) Rate

Data Collected: 01/01/2014 - 12/31/2014

Location ^a	No. of Infections	No. of Central Line Days ^{b,c}	Infection Rate (per 1000 Central Line Days)
All Adult Critical Care Units	4	4914	0.8
All Adult Inpatient Wards	7	8389	0.8
Adult Hematology/Oncology Ward - Temporary Central Line	5	1386	3.6
Adult Hematology/Oncology Ward - Permanent Central Line	1	1798	0.6

a. The specific patient care area in which a patient is assigned while receiving care in the healthcare facility. All adult and pediatric critical care units (except NICUs) are combined into one rate; all adult and pediatric inpatient wards are combined into one rate for this report. b. Central line days are the total number of days a central line is in place for all patients in selected hospital locations.

b. Central line days are the total number of days a central line is in place for all patients in selected no

A central line day calculation example can be found in the Definitions of Terms.

c.* = Too few central line days. Reporting on too few central line days is a risk to confidentiality and data stability. If there are less than fifty central lined days, the rate and number of infections will be suppressed until there are more central line days to report.

Trident Medical Center

Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus bloodstream infection (MRSA BSI) LabID Event Data

Hospital Onset MRSA BSI LabID Event Data No. No. Hospital Onset MRSA BSI LabID MRSA BSI Incidence Density Rate No. Patient Days Events^a MRSA BSI Incidence Density Rate 69994 6 0.039

Facility Wide Inpatient Data Collected: 01/01/2014 - 12/31/2014

a. Hospital Onset: LabID event specimen collected as an inpatient >3 days after admission to the facility (i.e., on or after day 4) b. MRSA BSI Infection Incidence Density Rate = (No. of Hospital Onset MRSA BSI LabID events/ No. of patient days of the facility) x 1000